**NPCA ERF Committee Final Meeting**

By Hannah Koeppl FOG Communications Assistant

Coinciding with Veteran’s Day and Sierra Leone’s Ebola-free countdown, the NPCA Ebola Relief Fund Steering committee concluded their work. The committee raised approximately $90,000 and funded 30 plus projects and impacted 300,000 people. The committee received 100 percent compliance from grant recipients. This attests to the success of the ERF model using RPCVs as a networking resource and finding communities in need and creating and maintain relations to deal with the epidemic.

As of November 17, Guinea began its Ebola-free countdown. The last active case tested negative for the virus and if no new cases are found by December 29, the two year battle will be over.

Thank you again and again to those who donated to make Ebola eradication efforts possible!

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The National Peace Corps Association (NPCA) has recently changed their membership policy. Membership is now complimentary for everyone in the Peace Corps community – serving Peace Corps Volunteers, Returned Peace Corps Volunteers, current Peace Corps staff, former Peace Corps staff, host country nationals and anyone who shares Peace Corps ideals. If you are not currently a member and would like to know more, please visit their website [here](#).

If you are a member and are curious about how this affects you, please visit their FAQ page regarding this transition.
Most of the people living now in Guinea could trace their ancestry to the Ghana Empire (300 AD to 1230 AD, now including parts of today’s Mali and Mauritania) that was founded by the Soninké tribes and affiliates with the city of Kumbi Sale as capital, and to the Mali Empire (1230 AD to 1600AD), founded by Soundiata Keita with Niani (in today’s Prefecture of Siguiri, Guinea) as capital. As such, the Region of Upper Guinea, and part of Forest Guinea was part the Mali Empire. The population remains the same since (Malinke, Bambara, Wasolon-Fulani, Soninke...)

If we are to believe, the late Senegalese scholar, Cheick Anta Diop (Civilization or Barbarism Présence Africaine, 1981), most of the people now living in West Africa came from the Nile Valley after the Persian invasion and destruction of state of the ancient Egypt by General Cambusis in BCE 525. Six successive waves of immigrants (Soninke, Wolof, Fulani, Serere, Songhoy, Dogon, and Mandingo among them) tried to resettle along the West African rivers to rebuild their ways of life.

Written documents about the migration movements are scarce when they exist, so most of what we know is dependent on orality (i.e.legends). But, we know that the desertification of the Sahara, the fall of Egypt, and later the fall of the West African empires played a crucial role in the migrations and settlements in West Africa in general, and in Guinea in particular.

I-Lower Guinea:
Landouma, Nalou, Baga, Mikhifore, and Susu. These people are mostly farmers, who came in different stages, the new comers pushing the old settlers towards to sea. The Susu are the late comers who succeeded in imposing their language on the other tribes, who try more or less successfully to safe keep their dwindling cultural heritage.

II-Fouta Djallon
Fulani (Fulbhe), Dialonke, Fulakunda, Bassari, Badiaranke, Diakanke, and Koniagu (north of Fouta) The Dialonke were the “natives”, and they later cohabited with the pagan Fulbhe (Puuli cattle raisers) who came with the conqueror Koli-Tenguella Bâ (XIV C). Koli conquered the northern part of Futa and settled in Gueme Sangan (Telimele). The Dialonke farmers and the Puuli cow-herders cohabited peacefully ex-
III-Upper Guinea (Manding)
Malinké, Konianké, Wassonke-Fulani, and Kouranko.

The most illustrious figure is Almamy Samori Toure (1830-1900) the founder of the Wassulu Empire, and the heroic resistance figure against French colonialism in West Africa. As stated above, the region of Upper Guinea was part of the Mali Empire. Farming and mining are among the most dominant economic activities while music and dance (The Dundunmba) rank high in the West African arena.

IV- Forest Guinea
Situated in the South-East of the Guinea, and populated by the Guerzé, Kissi, Toma, Mania, Manon, and Malinké who are collectively designated as «Forestiers ». Contrary to the other three regions of the country that are mostly Muslim populated, Forest Guinea has many beliefs that co-exist peacefully: traditional religions account for 22%, Christians 20% (Catholics 15%, Protestants 5%) the rest being of the population being Sunni Muslim. N’Zérékoré is the main city in that region where the rainy season last longer. Forest Guinea is the food basket of the country (Rice, banana, palm oil), but also cash crops coffee, and cacao. Covert by rain forests, the region is witnessing the loss of its beautiful ecosystem.

Guinea is the geographical and cultural summary of West Africa with a checkered history with ups and downs. The downs are mostly due to political incompetence since its independence in 1958. The geography is grandiose, and the people are welcoming and peaceful.

References:
1- Cheick Anta Diop (Nations Negres et Cultures; Civilisation ou Barbarie? Présence Africaine
2- Djibril Tamsir Niane (Histoires Des Mandingues De L'Ouest, Khartala, Paris 1989)
3- André Arcin (1911) Histoire de la Guinée Française, Editions Challamel, Paris
4- Boubacar Barry (monographie historique du Diwal de Koyin, DES, IPEGAN, 1975
5- Dr Pierre Balamou, PM/Public Health, PC/G
**Announcement**

Friends of Guinea Board is looking for a new officer! We have an opening for the Advocacy Chair. Some essential duties include fundraising, vetting projects for FOG funding, and helping apply for and maintain 501(c)3 status. If interested or any further questions should be addressed to Teresa Pope via email at treewillia@yahoo.com by January 15th 2016.
The Newsletter of the
Friends of Guinea
Advocacy, Information, and Networking for Guinea and Peace Corps Guinea

Friends of Guinea is a non-profit organization made up of former Guinea Peace Corps Volunteers, Guineans inside and outside of Guinea, and others interested in promoting the cause of Guinean development in the world at large. We are a country-of-service affiliate of the National Peace Corps Association.

Do you want to contribute a piece to the next newsletter? Contact Fog Communications Assistant Hannah Koeppl at newsletter@friendsofguinea.org